



R-CORD: A Disaggregation Story

(and how it fits together)

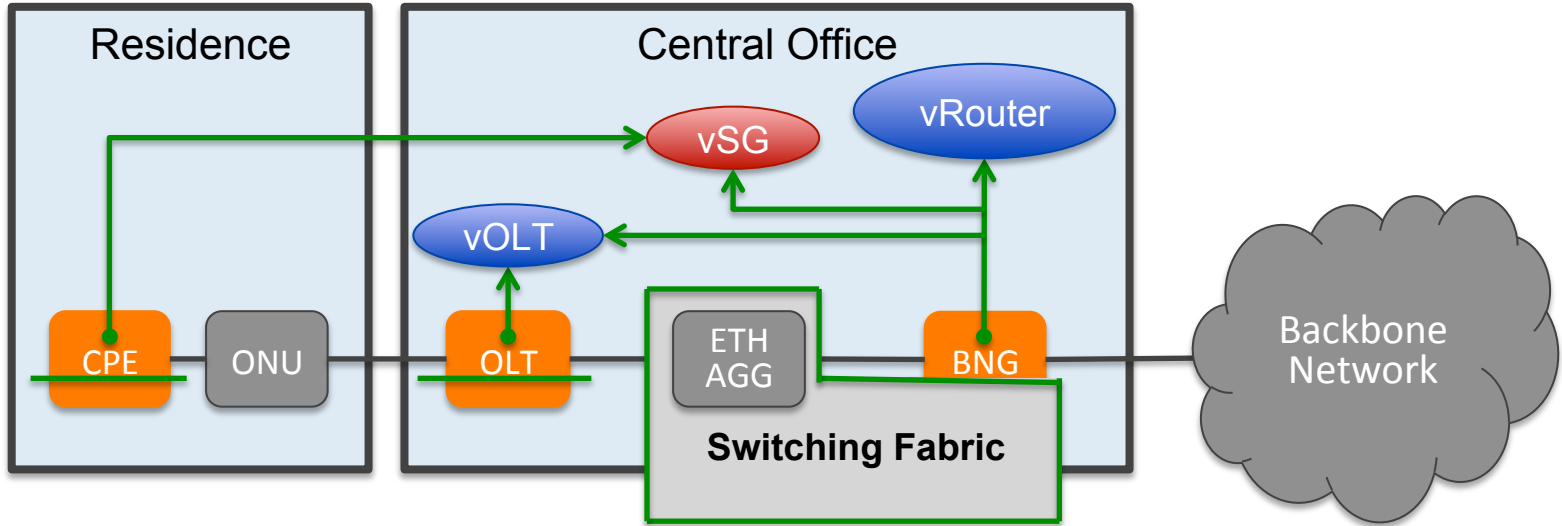
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Open Networking Lab



CORD
Central Office Re-architected as a Datacenter

#OpenCORD

Disaggregation



CPE – Customer Premises Equipment
OLT – Optical Line Termination
BNG – Broadband Network Gateway

Access hardware - CPE



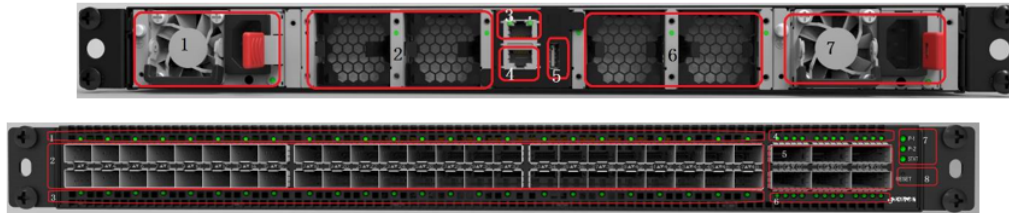
- Simple commodity NetGear device
 - Flashed with OpenWrt
 - Runs OVS as dataplane switch
 - OpenFlow capable
 - Runs 802.1X authentication
- Several design options available here
 - OpenFlow enabled?
 - Run a DHCP server?
 - Should make use of IPv6?



Access hardware – AT&T GPON OLT



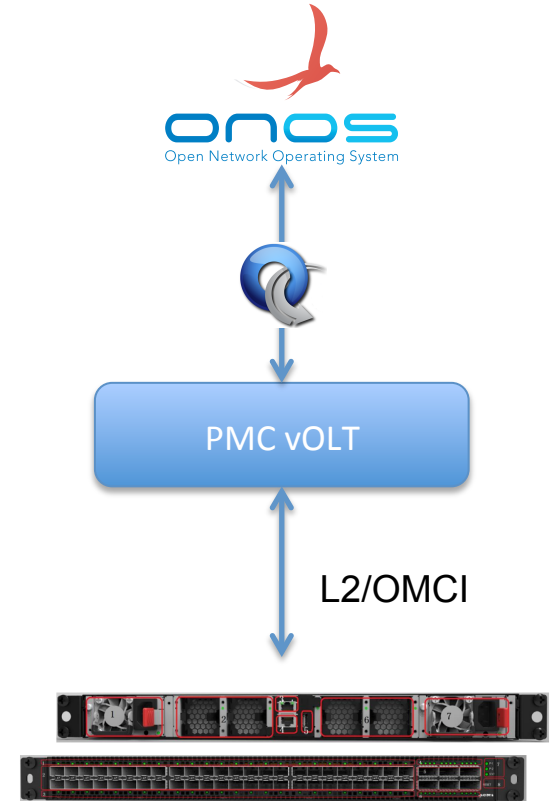
- One rack unit GPON OLT MAC
 - 48 PON ports (arranged as 12 OLT chips)
 - 6x40Gbps Ethernet ports
 - Arranged as three primary and three secondary
- NetConf to configure power settings, fan speed, etc.
- OpenFlow Controllable
 - via external OF agent
- External software bootstraps firmware



Software – Microsemi vOLT



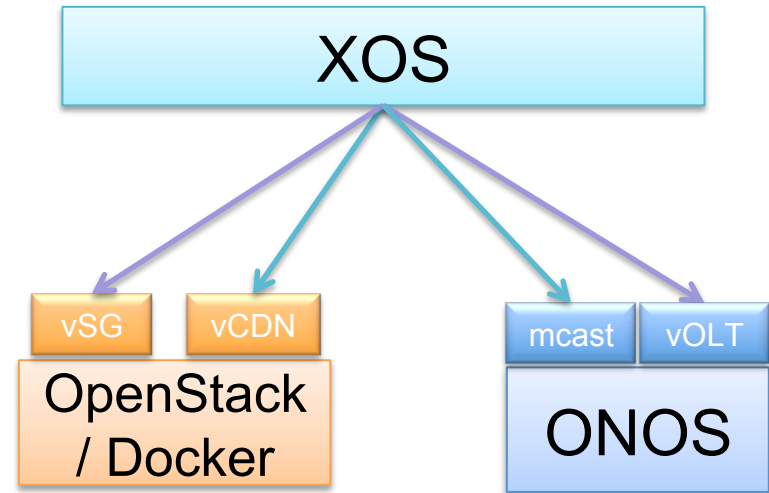
- Runs as an external entity
 - Either in a VM or container
- Exposes an OpenFlow interface north
- Manages OLT via an L2 protocol
 - Contains OMCI messages to provision ONTs
- Ability to punt IGMP and 802.1X packets to controller



CORD – Software Stack



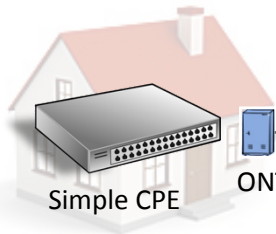
- XOS orchestrates both ONOS and Openstack/Docker
- Openstack is used to spawn VMs while docker provides containers
- ONOS (via neutron) creates virtual networks and connects them together to achieve service composition



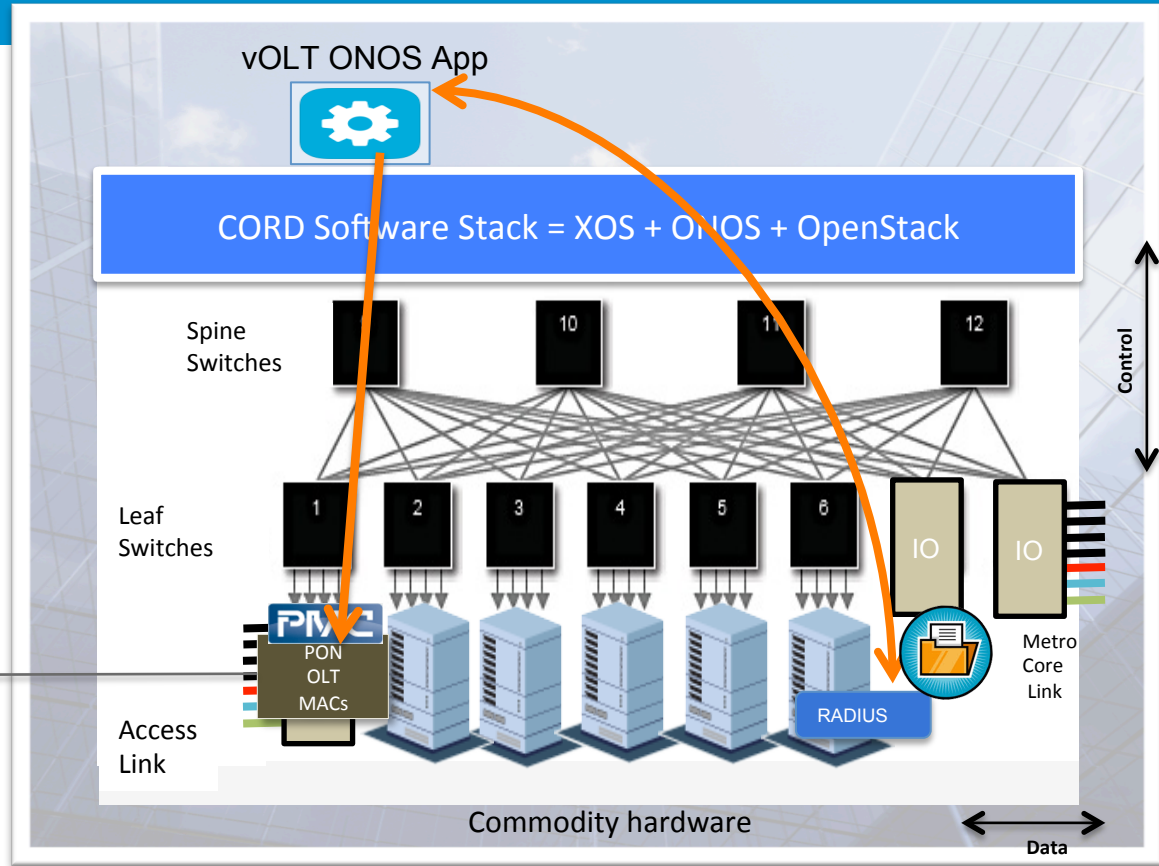
CPE boot and Authentication



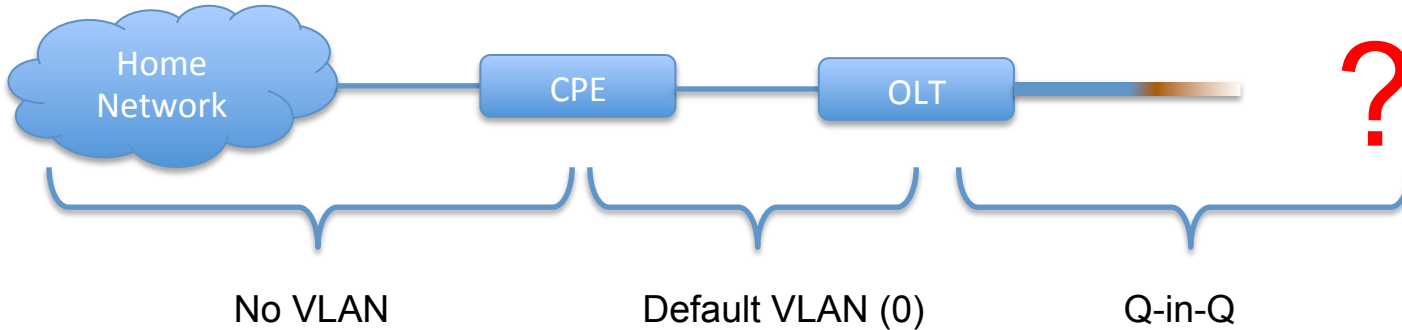
CPE (re)boots



GPON



Dataplane Configuration

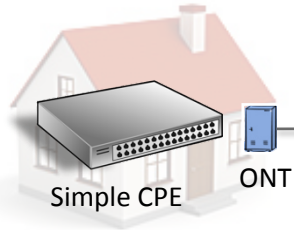


- OLT double tags packets from customer
 - C-tag identifies the customer
 - S-tag identifies the OLT the customer is connect to
- OLT also meters customer connections
- OLT maintains group information to handle multicast traffic

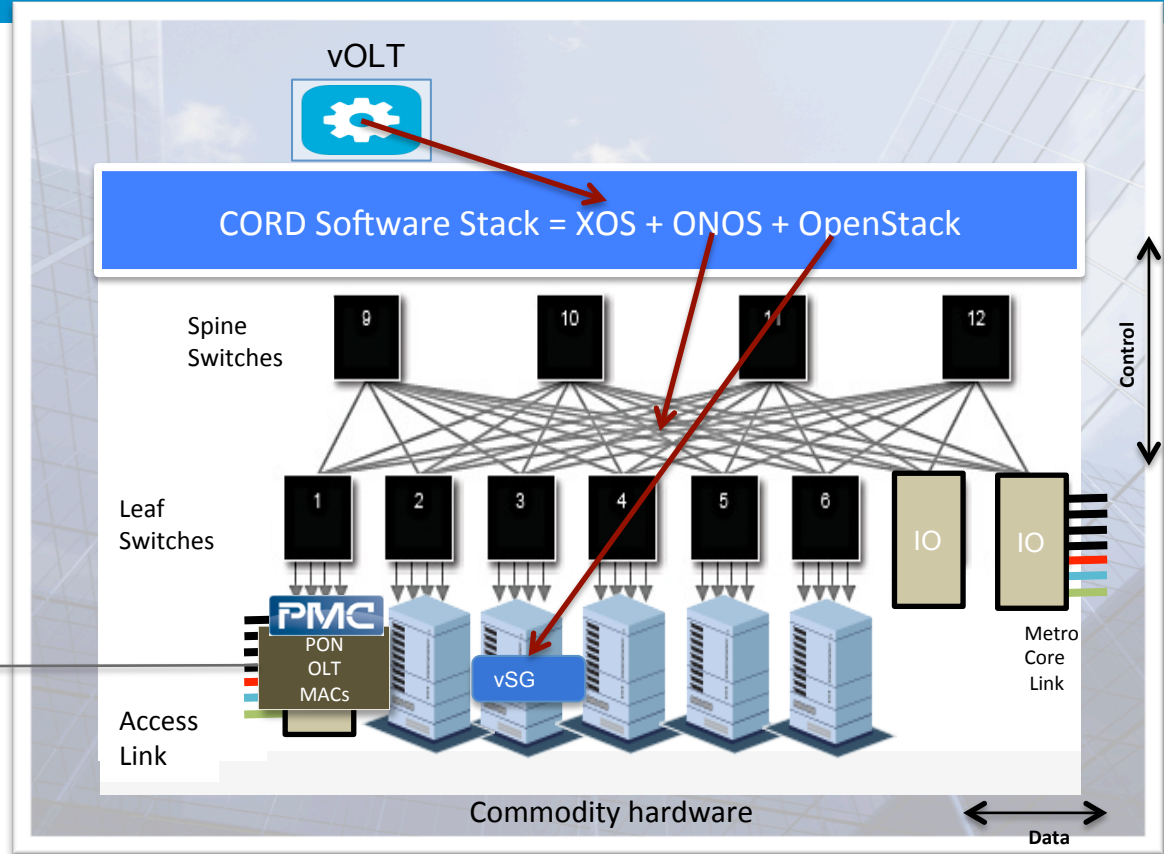
Spinning Up a vSG



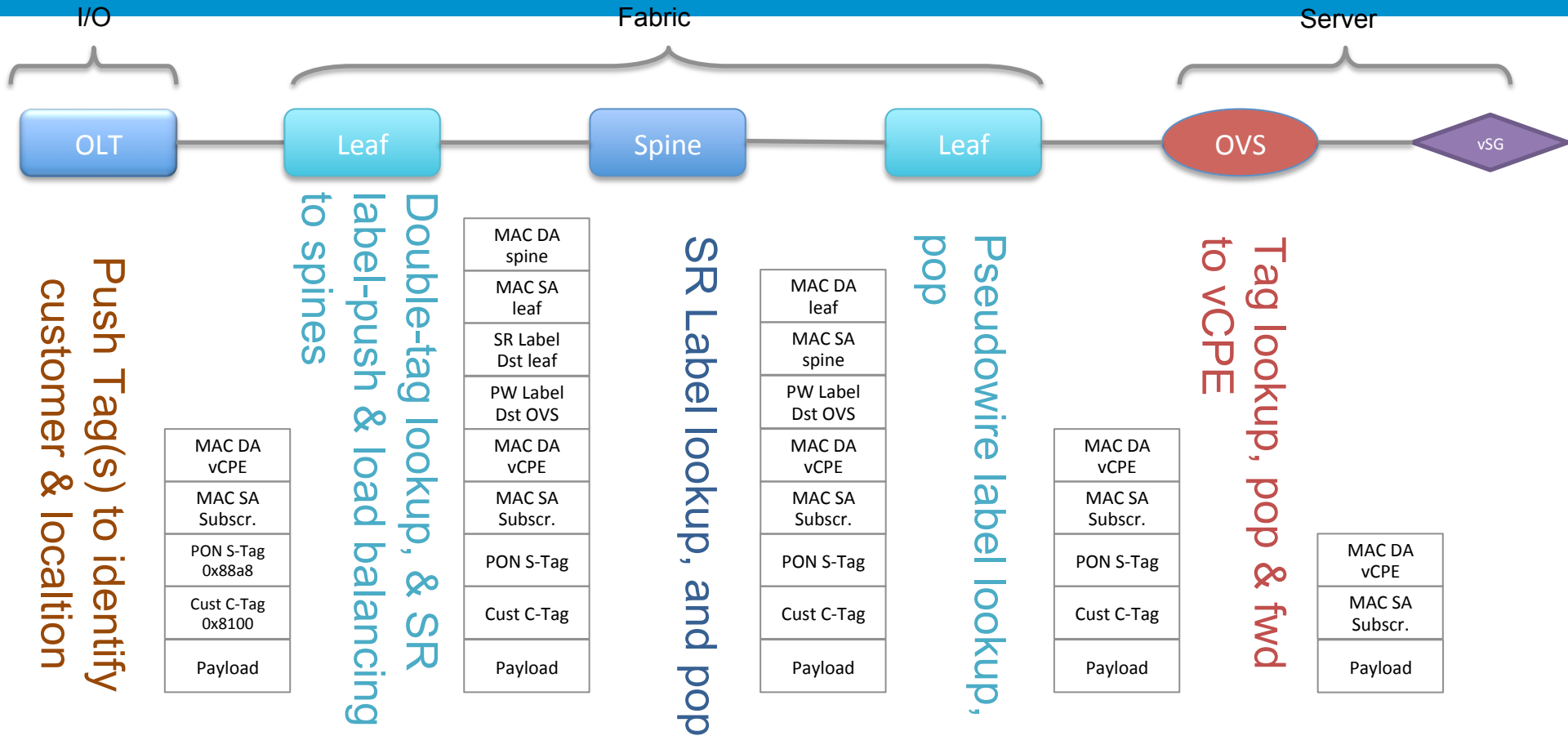
Authentication has been successful. A vSG is now needed.



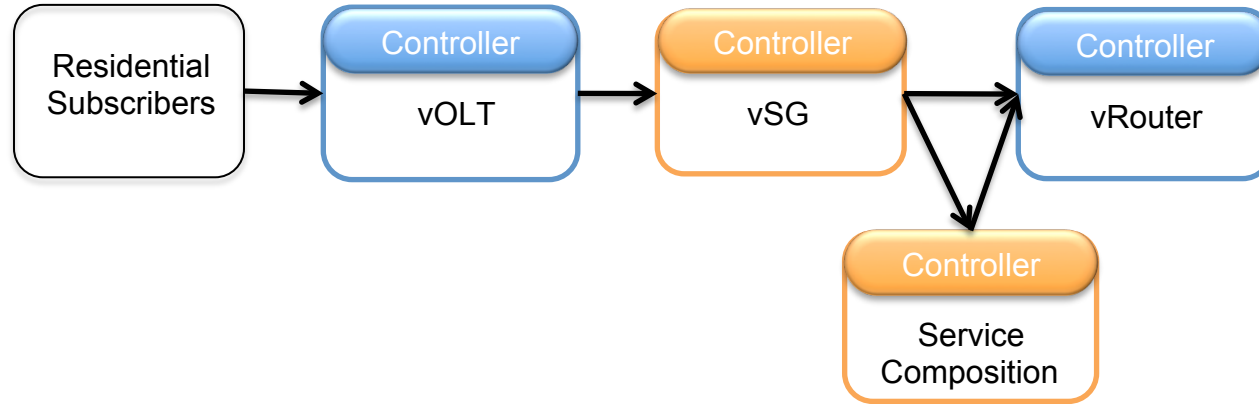
GPON



Putting it all together



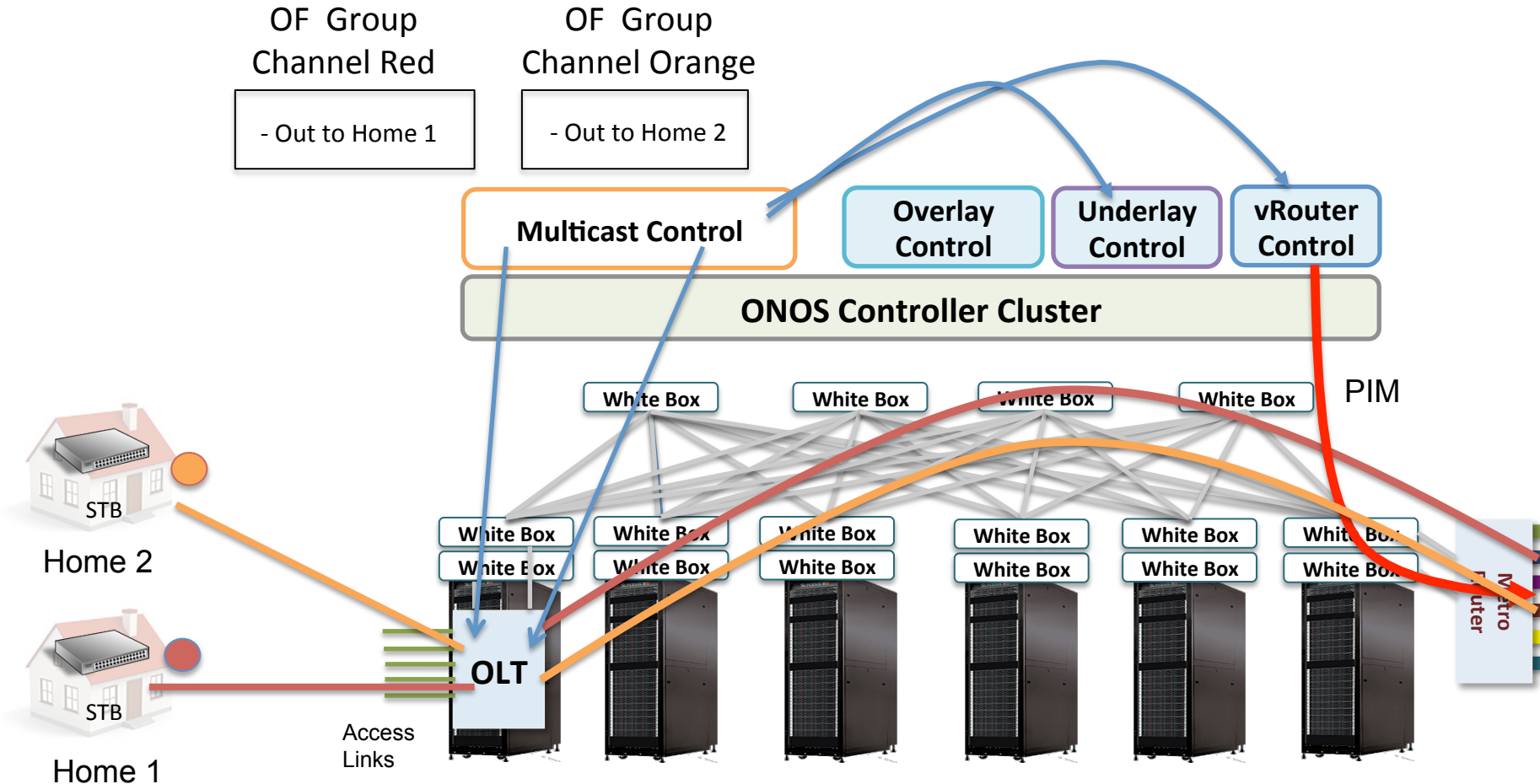
Beyond the vSG



- Traffic delivered to the vSG is NAT'ed
- It can then either go straight to the vRouter; or
- It can be passed through a service chain and then to the vRouter



What about multicast traffic?



Conclusion



- Understanding of the hardware components
- Understanding of the end to end traffic flow
- Disaggregation is about breaking large systems into scalable micro services

Thank you!



Questions?